State: RAJASTHAN

Agriculture Contingency Plan for District: PALI

1.0 I	District Agriculture profile					
1.1	Agro-Climatic/Ecological Zone					
	Agro Ecological Sub Region (ICAR)	Western Plain, Kacho	hh And Part Of Kathi	awar Pen	insula, Hot Arid Eco-Region	(2.3)
	Agro-Climatic Zone (Planning Commission)	WESTERN DRY RE	GION (XIV)			
	Agro Climatic Zone (NARP)	TRANSITIONAL PL	AIN OF LUNI BASI	N ZONE	(RJ-4)	
	List all the districts or part thereof falling under the NARP Zone	Pali				
	Geographic coordinates of district headquarters	Latitude	Altitude			
		30 ° 43 'N	0 ° 43'N 76 ° 3'E			212 Meters
	Name and address of the concerned ZRS/ ZARS/ RARS/ RRS/ RRTTS	Programme Coordina	tor, K.V.K. CAZRI, P	Pali.		
	Mention the KVK located in the district	K.V.K. CAZRI, Pali.				
1.2	Rainfall (2007 – 2012 Mean)	Normal RF(mm)	Normal Rainy days (number)		nal Onset cify week and month)	Normal Cessation (specify week and month)
	SW monsoon (June-Sep):	225	20	1-8 J	uly (Meteorological week 27)	3-9 September (30)
	NE Monsoon(Oct-Dec):	2	2	1-5 (October (25)	22-28 December (45)
	Winter (Jan- March)	0	0	-		-
	Summer (Apr-May)	15	5	2-15	May (20)	24-28 May (19)
	Annual	242	27	1 st we	eek of July (27)	3-9 September (36)

1.3	Land use pattern of the district (latest statistics) (2010-11)	Geographi cal area	Cultiva ble area	Forest area	Land under non- agricultural use	Permanent pastures	Cultivable wasteland	Land under Misc. tree crops and groves	Barren and uncultivable land	Current fallows	Other fallows
	Area (ha)	1238700	181862	96358	194130	135591	132545	113	47201	94962	0

1. 4	Major Soils (common names like red sandy loam deep soils (etc.,)*	Area (ha)	Percent (%) of total
	Medium Light yellowish brown Sandy		12.10
	Medium Light yellowish brown Loamy		30.25
	Deep Yellowish brown Sandy		43.76
	Shallow Pale brown Gravelly loam		7.11
	Others Shallow Light yellowish brown Sandy Deep Light yellowish brown Loamy Medium Yellowish brown S		
Total		145889.00	

^{*} mention colour, texture (sandy, loamy, clayey etc), depth and give vernacular name in brackets

1.5	Agricultural land use (2010-11)	Area (ha)	Cropping intensity %
	Net sown area	202157	121
	Area sown more than once	81763	
	Gross cropped area	283920	

1.6	Irrigation (2010-11)	Area (ha)						
	Net irrigated area	102444						
	Gross irrigated area	184207	4207					
	Rainfed area	81763	763					
	Sources of Irrigation	Number	Area (ha)	Percentage of total irrigated area				
	Canals	50	4000	3.9				
	Tanks	75	2048	2				
	Open wells	295	61466	60				
	Bore wells	201	15366	15				
	Lift irrigation schemes	-						
	Micro-irrigation	45	3000	0.03				
	Other sources (please specify) Rehat, Mal (included in well)	-	-	-				

Groundwa	ter availability and use* (Data	No. of blocks/ Tehsils	(%) area	Quality of water (specify the problem such as
source: Sta	ate/Central Ground water			high levels of arsenic, fluoride, saline etc)
Departmen	nt /Board)			
Over explo	ited			
Critical		V		
Semi- critic	cal			
Safe				
Wastewater	r availability and use			
Ground wa	ter quality			
*over-exploited: gro	oundwater utilization > 100%; critical: 90	-100%; semi-critical: 70-	90%; safe: <70%	

1.7 Area under major field crops & horticulture etc. (2010-11)

Major Field Crops cultivated					Area (ha)			
(2010-11)		Kharif			Rabi		Summer	Total
	Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed	Total		
Pearl millet	13295	93131	106426					106426
Cluster bean	5290	10190	15480					15480
Moth bean	220	6700	6920					6920
Green gram	1600	10300	11900					11900
Sorghum	2000	4515	6515					6515
Sesame	150	8900	9050					9050
Cow pea	120	7200	7320					7320
Groundnut	50	250	300					300
Castor	1200	920	2120					2120
Cotton	1395	1015	2410					2410
Mustard	-	-	-	9175	275	9450		9450
Wheat	-	-	-	10972	120	11092		11092
Cumin	-	-	-	7300	90	7390		7390
Barley	-	-	-	8500	1500	10000		10000
Gram	-	-	-	6095	1710	7805		7805
Taramira	-	-	-	595	1276	1871		1871
Fenu greek (Methi)	-	-	-	3200	150	3350		3350
Fennel	-	-	-	1720	350	2070		2070
Total area (ha)		Irrigate	d	•	Rainfed	•		•
Ber	1500			0			-	

Aonla	910	250	-
Lemon	1610	476	-
Guava	50	717	-
Lisoda	1200	200	-
Pomegranate	75	10	-
Papaya	720	200	-
Horticultural crops - Vegetables	Total area	Irrigated	Rainfed
Chillies	4200	3200	1000
Onion	911	700	211
Carrot	920	620	300
Tomato	1176	1000	176
Brinjal	1309	875	434
Cole crops	1678	1276	402
Melon- Musk	1302	120	1182
Medicinal and Aromatic Crops	Total area	Irrigated	Rainfed
Isabgol	421	421	-
Sua	221	95	126

	Plantation crops	Total area	Irrigated	Rainfed	
	Mahandi (Henna)	40000	-	40000	
	Fodder crops	Total area	Irrigated	Rainfed	
	Sorghum	1621	200	1421	
	Pearl millet fodder	920	200	720	
	Cluster bean fodder	1720	406	1314	
	Lucerne fodder	2295	1195	1100	
	Fodder Carrot	600	520	80	
	Others (specify)	-	-	-	
	Total fodder crop area				
	Grazing land				
	Sericulture etc				
	Others (Specify)				
1.8	Livestock		Male	Female	Total

Non descriptive Cattle (local low yielding)

350186

	Crossbred cattle					8559					
	Non descriptive Buffaloes (local low yielding)					315418					
	Graded Buffaloes					N.A					
	Goat					701932					
	Sheep					924553					
	Others (Camel, Pig, Yak etc.)					14794					
	Commercial dairy farms (Number)										
.9	Poultry	No. o	f farms		Total No. of bi	irds ()					
	Commercial	154		3900							
	Backyard	120		53466)						
.10	Fisheries (Data source: Chief Planning Officer)										
	A. Capture										
	i) Marine (Data Source: Fisheries Department)	No. of fishermen	Boats	Nets	Storage :	facilities (Ice plants etc.)					
			Mechanized	Non- mechanized	Mechanized (Trawl nets, Gill nets)	Non- mechanized (Shore Seines, Stake & trap nets)					
	ii) Inland (Data Source: Fisheries Department)	No. Farmer o	owned ponds	No. of Re	eservoirs	No. of village ta					
	ii) Inland (Data Source: Fisheries Department)B. Culture	No. Farmer o	owned ponds	No. of Re	eservoirs	No. of village ta					
			owned ponds Vater Spread Area (ha)		eservoirs Yield (t/ha)	No. of village tar					
						Produc					
	B. Culture					Produc					

1.11 Production and Productivity of major crops

1.11	Name of crop	Kh	arif-2011	Ra	bi -2011	Sum	mer		Total	Crop
		Production (Qtl)	Productivity (kg/ha)	Production ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	Production ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	Production (Qtl)	Productivity (kg/ha)	residue as fodder ('000 tons)
Major l	Field crops (Crops t	o be identified b	oased on total acrea	ige)	•			- 1		
	Pearl millet	467610	540					467610	540	
	Green gram	303530	310					303530	310	
	Moth bean	14170	201					14170	201	
	Cluster bean	358740	166					358740	166	
	Groundnut	252011	1740					252011	1740	
	Castor	30312	635					30312	635	
	Sesame	458820	280					458820	280	
	Cotton	26410	2100					26410	2100	
	Sorghum	546660	510					546660	510	
	Chillies	271115	620					271115	620	
	Cowpea	282110	199					282110	199	
	Mustard			915990	1390			915990	1390	
	Wheat			1382710	1789			1382710	1789	
	Isabgol			2011	421			2011	421	
	Cumin			25630	642			25630	642	
	Taramira			275920	1120			275920	1120	
	Gram			293690	862			293690	862	
	Barley			73110	1799			73110	1799	
	Onion			104520	1520			104520	1520	
	Garlic			92150	1621			92150	1621	
	Funnel			17900	1820			17900	1820	
	Fenugreek			16110	1615			16110	1615	
Major H	Iorticultural crops	(Crops to be ide	ntified based on to	tal acreage Area '(000)	•	•	•	"	l
	Ber	Not given			Onion					

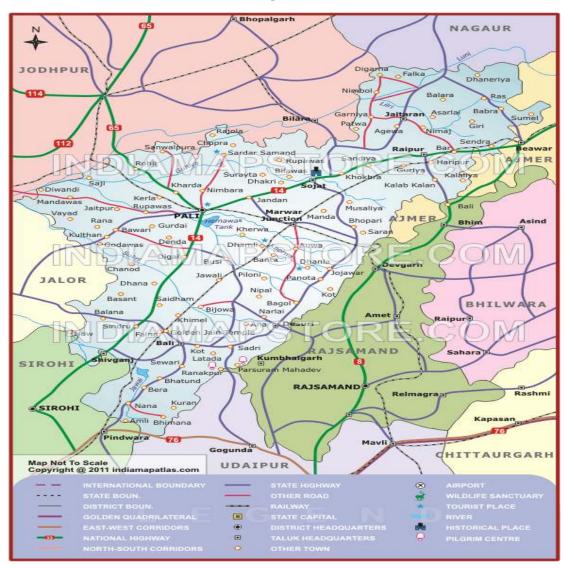
Lisoda		Carrot		
Aonla		Col crops		
Lemon		Tomato		
Guava		Bringel		
		Pea		

1.12	Sowing window for 5 major field crops	Pearl millet	Green gram & Moth bean	Cluster bean	Sesame	Sorghum
	Kharif- Rainfed (Start)	2 nd week of June	1st week of July	2 nd week of July	2 nd week of July	2 nd week of June
	Kharif-Irrigated (End)	1st week of July	2 nd week of July	2 nd week of July	2 nd week of July	2 nd week of July
	Rabi- Rainfed (Start)	2 nd week of Oct. (Mustard)	2 nd week of Sept.(Taramira)	2 nd week of Nov. (Wheat)	2 nd week of Nov. (Isabgol)	2 nd week of Nov. (Cumin)
	Rabi-Irrigated (End)	4 th week of Oct. (Mustard)	4 th week of		*b	4 th week of Nov.
	Tuot IIIIguiou (211u)	(Massara)	Oct.(Taramira)	Dec. (Wheat)	Isabgol)	(Cumin)

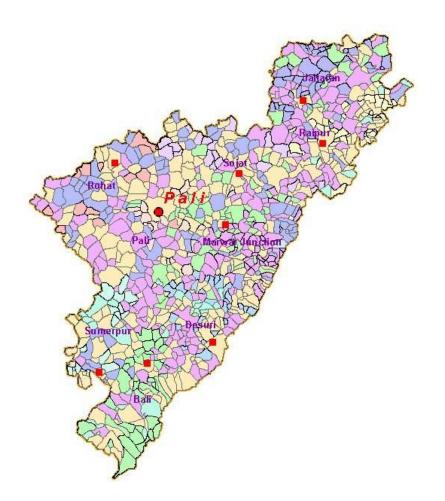
1.13	What is the major contingency the district is prone to? (Tick mark)	Regular	Occasional	None
	Drought	$\sqrt{}$		
	Flood			V
	Cyclone			V
	Hail storm		$\sqrt{}$	
	Heat wave			
	Cold wave		$\sqrt{}$	
	Frost		$\sqrt{}$	
	Sea water intrusion			$\sqrt{}$
	Pests and disease outbreak (specify)	Pearl millet: Downy mildew, erget & Blister beetle	Green gram & Moth bean: Leaf curl, mosaic, Powdery mildew	Sesame: Macrophomina, <i>Antigastra</i> catalaunalis, phyllody
	Others (specify)			

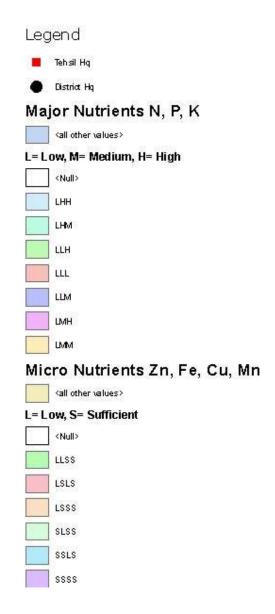
1.14	Include Digital maps of the district for	Location map of district within State as Annexure I	Enclosed: Yes
	the district for	Mean annual rainfall as Annexure 2	Enclosed: No
		Soil map as Annexure 3	Enclosed: Yes

Map of Pali



Nutrient status of soil





2.0 Strategies for weather related contingencies

2.1 Drought

2.1.1 Rainfed situation

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures				
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop / Cropping system	Change in crop / cropping system ^{ic} including variety	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation		
Delay by 2 weeks	Rainfed deep yellow brown sandy soil	Pearl millet: MH- 169, ICMH- 356, RHB- 121, & Raj 171	Pearl millet: HHB- 67, HHB- 68 & RHB- 121	Early maturing varieties should be sown. Use press wheel behind tine to	Use of NSC, RSSC, SAUs & other agencies certified seed.		
(2 nd week July)	(low rain)	Sesame: RT 127, RT 46 & RT 346 Moth: RMO 40, RMO 225, RMO 257 & RMO 435	Sesame: RT 127, RT 46 & RT 346 Moth: RMO 40, RMO 225, RMO 257 & RMO 435	secure good germination. Transplanting of pearl millet seedling. Early maturing varieties should be sown.			
		Green gram: SML 668, RMG 62 & RMG 268 Cluster bean: RGC 936, RGC 1003, RGC 1002 & RGM 112	Green gram: SML 668 Cluster bean: RGC 1017, RGC 1003, RGC 1002 & RGM 112	Grow Pulse, Sesame, Guar and Sorghum fodder crops. Adopt wider row spacing with low plant population. Timely removal of weeds, clean cultivation & adoption of dust/vegetative mulching			
	Rainfed medium light brown loamy soil (medium rain)	Cowpea: RC 21, RC 101 & MF 68 Mahandi (Henna) Sorghum (seed) Sorghum(fodder: RSG 59-3, MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari Peral millet (fodder: Raj Chari, Raj 171 & Pusa gaint	Cowpea: RC 101 & MF 68 Mahandi (Henna) Sorghum (fodder Sorghum (fodder): RSG 59-3, CSV 17, CSV 23, MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari Pearlmillet (fodder): Raj Chari, Raj 171 & Pusa gaint	Summer ploughing for conserving moisture in the soil. Compartmental bunding of field. Ridge and furrow (45 or 60 cm) system Use of FYM in every third year Inter cropping or mix cropping with pulses and sesame. Water harvesting tank for terminal drought life saving irrigation.	Use of NSC, RSSC, SAUs & other agencies certified seed.		
	Rainfed other soils (medium rain)	Cowpea: RC 19, RC 101 & MF 68	Cowpea: RC 101 & MF 68	Summer ploughing for conserving moisture in the soil. Compartmental bunding of field.	Use of NSC, RSSC, SAUniversity & other agencies certified seed.		

N	Mahandi (Henna)	Mahandi (Henna)	Ridge and furrow (45 or 60 cm)
S	Sorghum (seed)	Sorghum fodder	system
S	Sorghum fodder: RSG	Sorghum fodder: RSG 59-3, MP	Use of FYM in every third year
5	59-3, MP Chari,	Chari, Rajasthan Chari	Inter cropping or mix cropping
R	Rajasthan Chari		with pulses and sesame.
P	Peral millet fodder: Raj	Pearl millet fodder: Raj Chari, Raj	Water harvesting tank for terminal
	Chari, Raj 171 & Pusa	171 & Pusa Jaint	drought life saving irrigation.
J:	Jaint		

Condition				Suggested Contingency measures	
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Change in crop/cropping system ^c	Agronomic measures ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e
Delay by 4 weeks	Rainfed deep yellow brown sandy soil	Pearl millet: MH 169, ICMH 356, RHB 121, & Raj 171	Pearl millet: HHB 67, HHB 68 & RHB 121	Early maturing varieties should be sown. Use press wheel behind tine to secure	Use of NSC, RSSC, SAUniversity & other agencies certified seed.
(4 th week of July)		Sesame: RT 127, RT 46 & RT 346 Moth bean: RMO 40, RMO 225, RMO 257 & RMO 435	Sesame: RT 127, RT 46 & RT 346 Moth bean: RMO 40, RMO 225, CAZRI moth 2 & 3	good germination. Transplanting of pearlmillet seedling. Grow Pulse, Sesame, Guar and Sorghum fodder crops. Adopt wider row spacing with low	
	Green gram: SML 668, Green gram: SML 668 plant population. RMG 62 & RMG 268 plant population. Timely removal of weeds, cle	plant population. Timely removal of weeds, clean cultivation & adoption of dust/			
	Rainfed medium light brown loamy soil	Cow pea: RC 19, RC 101 & MF 68 Mahandi (Henna) Sorghum for seed Sorghum fodder: RSG 59-3, MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari Peral millet fodder: Raj Chari, Raj 171 & Pusa Jaint	RC 19, RC 101 Mahandi (Henna) Sorghum fodder Sorghum fodder: RSG 59-3, MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari Pearl millet fodder: Raj Chari, Raj 171 & bajara own seed for fodder.	Summer ploughing for conserving moisture in the soil. Compartmental bunding of field. Ridge and furrow (45 or 60 cm) system Use of FYM in every third year Inter cropping or mix cropping with pulses and sesame. Water harvesting tank for terminal drought life saving irrigation.	Use of NSC, RSSC, SAUniversity & other agencies certified seed.
	Rainfed Other soils (medium rain)	Cow pea: RC 19, RC 101 & MF 68 Mahandi (Henna) Sorghum for seed	Mahandi (Henna) Sorghum fodder	Summer ploughing for conserving moisture in the soil. Compartmental bunding of field. Ridge and furrow (45 or 60 cm)	Use of NSC, RSSC, SAUniversity & other agencies certified seed.

Sorghum fodder: RSG 59-3,	Sorghum fodder: RSG 59-3,	system	
MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari	MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari	Use of FYM in every third year	
Peral millet fodder: Raj	Pearl millet fodder: Raj Chari,	Inter cropping or mix cropping with	
Chari, Raj 171 & Pusa Jaint	Raj 171 & bajara own seed for	pulses and sesame.	
-	fodder.	Water harvesting tank for terminal	
		drought life saving irrigation.	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Change in crop/cropping system ^c	Agronomic measures ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e
Delay by 6 weeks (1 st week of August)	Rainfed deep yellow brown sandy soil	Pearl millet: MH 169, ICMH 356, RHB 121, & Raj 171 Sesame: RT 127, RT 46 & RT 346 Moth bean: RMO 40, RMO 225, RMO 257 & RMO 435 Green gram: SML 668, RMG 62 & RMG 268 Cluster bean: RGC 936, RGC 1003, RGC 1002 & RGM 112	Grow Pulse/ Guar and Sorghum fodder crops. - RMO 40, RMO 225, RMO 257 & RMO 435, CAZRI moth 3 - Cluster bean: RGC 936, RGC 1003 & RGM 112	Compartmental bunding of field. Summer ploughing for conserving moisture in the soil. Adopt wider row spacing with low plant population. Early maturing varieties should be sown. Timely removal of weeds, clean cultivation & adoption of dust/vegetative mulching	Use of NSC, RSSC, SAUniversity & other agencies certified seed.
	Rainfed medium light brown loamy soil	Cowpea: RC 19, RC 101 & MF 68 Mehandi (Henna) Sorghum for seed Sorghum fodder: RSG 59-3, MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari Peral millet fodder: Raj Chari, Raj 171 & Pusa Jaint	- Sorghum (fodder Sorghum (fodder: RSG 59-3, MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari Pearl millet (fodder: Raj Chari, Raj 171 & bajara own seed for fodder.	Use of FYM in every third year Inter cropping or mix Cropping with pulses and sorghum fodder. Water harvesting tank for terminal drought life saving irrigation.	Use of NSC, RSSC, SAUniversity & other agencies certified seed.
	Rainfed Other soils (medium rain)	Cowpea: RC 19, RC 101 & MF 68 Mahandi (Henna) Sorghum (seed) Sorghum fodder: RSG 59-3, MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari Peral millet fodder: Raj	Grow pulse crops Sorghum (fodder Sorghum fodder: RSG 59-3, MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari Pearl millet(fodder: Raj Chari,	Use of FYM in every third year Inter cropping or mix cropping with pulses and sorghum fodder. Water harvesting tank for terminal drought life saving irrigation.	Use of NSC, RSSC, SAUniversity & other agencies certified seed.

Chari, Raj 171 & Pusa Jaint	Raj 171 & bajara own seed for	
	fodder.	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Change in crop/cropping system ^c	Agronomic measures ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e	
Delay by 8 weeks (Specify month) End of August	Rainfed deep yellow brown sandy soil	Pearl millet: MH 169, ICMH 356, RHB 121, & Raj 171	No crop can be grown Moisture can be conserved for rabi gram, Taramira and mustard Land preparation for rabi crops	Compartmental bunding of field. Summer ploughing for conserving moisture in the soil.	Use of NSC, RSSC, SAUniversity & other agencies certified seed.	
		Sesame: RT 127, RT 46 & RT 346 Moth: RMG 40, RMG 225, RMG 257 & RMO 435		Grow Pulses, Guar and Sorghum fodder crops. Adopt wider row spacing with low plant population.		
		Green gram: SML 668, RMG 62 & RMG 268		Early maturing varieties should be sown. Use press wheel behind tine to secure good germination.		
		Cluster bean: RGC 936, RGC 1003, RGC 1002 & RGM 112	Cluster bean for fodder or green manuring: RGC 936, RGC 1003 & RGM 112	Timely removal of weeds, clean cultivation & adoption of dust/ vegetative mulching		
	Rainfed medium light	Cowpea: RC 19, RC 101 & MF 68		Inter cropping or mix cropping with pulses and sorghum fodder.	Use of NSC, RSSC, SAUniversity & other agencies	
	brown loamy soil	Mahandi (Henna) Sorghum for seed	Sorghum fodder	Use of FYM in every third year Timely adoption of plant protection measures.	certified seed.	
		Sorghum fodder: RSG 59- 3, MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari	Sorghum fodder: RSG 59-3, MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari	Water harvesting tank for terminal drought life saving irrigation.		
		Bajra fodder: Raj Chari, Raj 171 & Pusa Jaint	Bajara fodder: Raj Chari, Raj 171 & bajara own seed for fodder.	Timely sowing by early irrigating where irrigation facility available.		
	Rainfed Other soils (medium rain)	Cowpea: RC 19, RC 101 & MF 68 Mahandi (Henna)		Inter cropping or mix cropping with pulses and sorghum fodder. Use of FYM in every third year	Use of NSC, RSSC, SAUniversity & other agencies certified seed.	
	14111)	Sorghum for seed	Sorghum fodder	Timely adoption of plant protection measures.	certified seed.	
		Sorghum fodder: RSG 59- 3, MP Chari, Rajasthan	Sorghum fodder: RSG 59-3, MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari	Water harvesting tank for terminal drought life saving irrigation.		

Chari			
Bajra fodder: Raj Chari, Raj	Bajara fodder: Raj Chari, Raj	Timely sowing by early irrigating	
171 & Pusa Jaint	171 & bajara own seed for	where irrigation facility available.	
	fodder.		

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Early season drought (Normal onset)	Major Farming situation ^a	Normal Crop/cropping system ^b	Crop management ^c	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measues ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e	
Normal onset followed by 15-20 days dry spell after sowing leading to poor germination/crop	Rainfed deep yellow brown sandy soil	Pearl millet: MH 169, ICMH 356, RHB 121, & Raj 171	Gap filling in crop should be filled either by transplanting or re- seeding of seed. Hoeing & weeding,	Compartmental bunding of field. Summer ploughing for conserving moisture in the soil. soil mulching	Perform all Agronomical operation in time according to need.	
stand etc.		Sesame: RT 127, RT 46 & RT 346	Timely Thinning. Gap filling or resowing, Hoeing & weeding	Use of FYM in every third year	-do-	
		Moth bean: RMG 40, RMG 225, RMG 257 & RMO 435	Adopt wider row spacing with low plant population. Spray of thio urea@ 500 ppm in legume crops, Hoeing & weeding	Timely removal of weeds, clean cultivation in between intra row spacing & adoption of dust/ vegetative mulching.	-do-	
		Green gram: SML 668, RMG 62 & RMG 268	Adopt wider row spacing with low plant population. Spray of thio urea@ 500 ppm in legume crops, Hoeing & weeding		-do-	
		Cluster bean: RGC 936, RGC 1003, RGC 1002 & RGM 112	Adopt wider row spacing with low plant population. Spray of thio urea@ 500 ppm in legume crops, Hoeing & weeding	Water harvesting tank for light irrigation to secured good germination & application of life saving irrigation to prevent terminal drought.	-do-	
	Rainfed medium light brown loamy soil	Cowpea: RC 19, RC 101 & MF 68	Adopt wider row spacing with low plant population. Spray of thio urea@ 500 ppm in legume crops, Hoeing & weeding		Perform all Agronomical operation in time according to need.	

Rainfed Other soils (medium rain)	Mahandi (Henna) Sorghum for seed Sorghum fodder: RSG 59-3, MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari Bajra fodder: Raj Chari, Raj 171 & Pusa Jaint Cowpea: RC 19, RC 101 & MF 68	Adopt wider row spacing with low plant population. Spray of thio urea@ 500 ppm in legume crops, Hoeing & weeding Use press wheel behind tine to secure good germination.	Perform all Agronomical operation in time according to need.
	Mahandi (Henna) Sorghum for seed Sorghum fodder: RSG 59-3, MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari Bajra fodder: Raj Chari, Raj 171 & Pusa Jaint	Scrimation.	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures			
Mid season	Major	Normal	Crop management	Soil nutrient & moisture	Remarks on Implementation	
drought (long dry	Farming	Crop/cropping		conservation measues		
spell, consecutive	situation	system				
2 weeks rainless						
(>2.5 mm)						
period)						
	Rainfed	Pearl millet: MH	Removing alternate plant or row.	Timely removal of weeds,	This stage is very critical & all	
At vegetative	deep yellow	169, ICMH 356,	Harvesting for fodder purpose	clean cultivation in between	Agronomical operation should perform in	
stage	brown sandy	RHB 121, & Raj		intra row spacing & adoption	time according to need.	
	soil	171		of dust/ vegetative mulching.		
		Sesame: RT 127, RT	Fodder mulching and spray of Urea	Use of FYM in every third		
		46 & RT 346	(0.2%), Provide life saving protective	year.		
			irrigation.			

	Moth bean: RMG 40, RMG 225, RMG 257 & RMO 435	Spray of anti transparent. Or thiourea @ 500ppm Removing of weeds at 35 DAS & 40 DAS.	Water harvesting tank for protective life saving irrigation at vegetative stage & application of irrigation to prevent terminal drought.	
	Green gram: SML 668, RMG 62 & RMG 268	Spray of anti transparent. Or thiourea @ 500ppm		
	Cluster bean: RGC 936, RGC 1003, RGC 1002 & RGM 112	Spray of anti transparent. Or thiourea @ 500ppm Adoption of proper and timely plant protection measures.		
Rainfed medium	Cowpea: RC 19, RC 101 & MF 68	Roughing & removing phylllody infested plants.		This stage is very critical & all Agronomical operation should perform in
light brown loamy soil	Mahandi (Henna)	In case of total failure re-sowing of Pulses, Guar, sesame and Sorghum fodder crops.		time according to need.
	Sorghum for seed			
	Sorghum fodder: RSG 59-3, MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari	Spray of thiourea at 500 – 1000 ppm at vegetative and reproductive stage.		
	Bajra fodder: Raj Chari, Raj 171 & Pusa Jaint			
Rainfed Other soils	Cowpea: RC 19, RC 101 & MF 68	Roughing & removing phyllody infested plants.		This stage is very critical & all Agronomical operation should perform in
(medium rain)	Mahandi (Henna)	In case of total failure re-sowing of Pulses, Guar, sesame and Sorghum fodder crops.		time according to need.
	Sorghum for seed Sorghum fodder: RSG 59-3, MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari Bajra fodder: Raj	Spray of thiourea at 500 – 1000 ppm at vegetative and reproductive stage.		
	Chari, Raj 171 & Pusa Jaint			

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Mid season	Major	Normal Crop/cropping	Crop management ^c	Soil nutrient &	Remarks on Implementation ^e
drought (long	Farming	system ^b		moisture	

dry spell)	situation ^a			conservation		
	Rainfed deep yellow brown sandy soil	Pearl millet: MH 169, ICMH 356, RHB 121, & Raj 171 Sesame: RT 127, RT 46 & RT 346	Provide life saving protective irrigation. Water harvesting tank for protective life saving irrigation to prevent terminal drought. Use of FYM in every third year.	Dust or vegetative mulching.	This stage is also very critical & all Agronomical operation should perform in time according to need.	
		Moth bean: RMG 40, RMG 225, RMG 257 & RMO 435	Adoption of proper and timely plant protection measures.			
		Green gram: SML 668, RMG 62 & RMG 268 Cluster bean: RGC 936, RGC 1003, RGC 1002 &	Roughing & removing phyllody infested plants.	-		
	Rainfed medium light	RGM 112 Cowpea: RC 19, RC 101 & MF 68	Adoption of Post harvest technology.	Dust or vegetative mulching.	This stage is also very critical & all Agronomical operation should	
	brown loamy soil	Mahandi (Henna)	Harvesting of crop in severe moisture stress drought condition & dry in sun heat and store fodder as well grain below 9% moisture in store.		perform in time according to need.	
		Sorghum for seed Sorghum fodder: RSG 59- 3, MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari				
		Bajra fodder: Raj Chari, Raj 171 & Pusa Jaint				
	Rainfed Other soils (medium	Cowpea: RC 19, RC 101 & MF 68	Adoption of Post harvest technology.	Dust or vegetative mulching.	This stage is also very critical & all Agronomical operation should	
	rain)	Mahandi (Henna)	Harvesting of crop in severe moisture stress drought condition & dry in sun heat and store fodder as well grain below 9% moisture in store.		perform in time according to need.	
		Sorghum for seed Sorghum fodder: RSG 59- 3, MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari				
		Bajra fodder: Raj Chari, Raj 171 & Pusa Jaint				

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
Terminal	Major	Normal	Crop management ^c	Rabi Crop planning ^d measues ^d	Remarks on Implementation ^e

drought (Early withdrawal of monsoon)	Farming situation ^a	Crop/cropping system ^b			
	Rainfed deep yellow brown sandy soil	Pearl millet: MH 169, ICMH 356, RHB 121, & Raj 171	Provide life saving protective irrigation. Water harvesting tank for protective life saving irrigation to prevent terminal drought.	If heavy rain (> 50 mm) soil moisture is more than 150mm after harvest of kharif crop sowing of rabi crop (mustard, cumin, taramira, barley, gram & wheat) sowing from 15 Sept. onwards should be started.	At this stage decide proper harvesting time & store fodder and grain after complete drying.
		Sesame: RT 127, RT 46 & RT 346	Roughing & removing phyllody infested plants.		Planning for sowing rabi crops.
		Mothbean: RMG 40, RMG 225, RMG 257 & RMO 435			-do-
		Green gram: SML 668, RMG 62 & NMG 268	Adoption of Post harvest technology.		-do-
	Rainfed medium light brown loamy soil	Cluster bean: RGC 936, RGC 1003, RGC 1002 & RGM 112		If heavy rain (> 50 mm) soil moisture is more than 150mm after harvest of kharif crop sowing of rabi crop (mustard, cumin, taramira, barley, gram & wheat) sowing from 15 Sept. onwards should be started.	This stage is also very critical & all Agronomical operation should perform in time according to need.
		Cowpea: RC 19, RC 101 & MF 68 Mahandi (Henna) Sorghum for seed			
		Sorghum fodder: RSG 59-3, MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari			
	Rainfed Other soils (medium rain)	Cluster bean: RGC 936, RGC 1003, RGC 1002 & RGM 112		If heavy rain (> 50 mm) soil moisture is more than 150mm after harvest of kharif crop sowing of rabi crop (mustard, cumin, taramira, barley, gram & wheat) sowing from 15 Sept. onwards should be started.	This stage is also very critical & all Agronomical operation should perform in time according to need.
		Cowpea: RC 19, RC 101 & MF 68 Mahandi (Henna)			
		Sorghum for seed Sorghum fodder: RSG			
		59-3, MP Chari, Rajasthan Chari			

2.5.1 Livestock

	Suggested contingency measures			
	Before the event ^s	During the event	After the event	
Drought				
Feed and fodder availability	Provide Enough feed & green fodder	 Provide sufficient feed & fodder along with extra supplementation of mineral mixture. Feeding of urea treated low quality roughage Feeding of multi nutrient feed blocks Provide Azolla as green fodder substitute 	Provide sufficient feed & fodder along with mineral mixture	
Drinking water	Enough water for drinking	Provide sufficient and clean water for drinking	Provide sufficient and clean water for drinking	
Health and disease management	Animal vaccinated against all the infectious diseases	Give vitamin 'A' Vaccinate against all the infectious and contagious diseases	Vaccinate against contagious diseases	
Floods				
Feed and fodder availability				
Drinking water				
Health and disease management				
Cyclone				
Feed and fodder availability				
Drinking water				
Health and disease management				
Heat wave and cold wave				
Shelter/environment management				
Health and disease management				

s based on forewarning wherever available

2.5.2 Poultry

	s	Suggested contingency measures			
	Before the event ^a	During the event	After the event		
Drought					
Shortage of feed ingredients					
Drinking water					
Health and disease management					
Floods					
Shortage of feed ingredients					
Drinking water					

Health and disease management		
Cyclone		
Shortage of feed ingredients		
Drinking water		
Health and disease management		
Heat wave and cold wave		
Shelter/environment management		
Health and disease management		

^a based on forewarning wherever available

2.5.3 Fisheries/ Aquaculture: NA

	Suggested contingency measures		
	Before the event ^a	During the event	After the event
1) Drought			
A. Capture			
Marine			
Inland			
(i) Shallow water depth due to insufficient rains/inflow			
(ii) Changes in water quality			
(iii) Any other			
B. Aquaculture			
(i) Shallow water in ponds due to insufficient			
rains/inflow			
(ii) Impact of salt load build up in ponds / change in			
water quality			
(iii) Any other			
2) Floods			
A. Capture			
Marine			
Inland			
(i) Average compensation paid due to loss of human life			
(ii) No. of boats / nets/damaged			
(iii) No.of houses damaged			
(iv) Loss of stock			
(v) Changes in water quality			
(vi) Health and diseases			
B. Aquaculture			
(i) Inundation with flood water			
(ii) Water contamination and changes in water quality			

(iii) Health and diseases		
(iv) Loss of stock and inputs (feed, chemicals etc)		
(v) Infrastructure damage (pumps, aerators, huts etc)		
(vi) Any other		
3. Cyclone / Tsunami		
A. Capture		
Marine		
(i) Average compensation paid due to loss of fishermen		
lives		
(ii) Avg. no. of boats / nets/damaged		
(iii) Avg. no. of houses damaged		
Inland		
B. Aquaculture		
(i) Overflow / flooding of ponds		
(ii) Changes in water quality (fresh water / brackish		
water ratio)		
(iii) Health and diseases		
(iv) Loss of stock and inputs (feed, chemicals etc)		
(v) Infrastructure damage (pumps, aerators, shelters/huts		
etc)		
(vi) Any other		
4. Heat wave and cold wave		
A. Capture		
Marine		
Inland		
B. Aquaculture		
(i) Changes in pond environment (water quality)		
(ii) Health and Disease management		
(iii) Any other		

^a based on forewarning wherever available

Total Irrigated Area	102444		
Pump sets	38936	61466	60
No. of Tractors	12812		
Groundwater availability and use* (Data source: State/Central Ground water	No. of blocks/ Tehsils	(%) area	Quality of water (specify the problem such as high levels of arsenic, fluoride,

		saline etc)
√		
	√ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

over-exploited: groundwater utilization > 100%; critical: 90-100%; semi-critical: 70-904%; sale: < 10% NAGAUR JODHPUR Falka Dhaneriya Nigobol, Balara Babra Jaitaran Asarlai Garniya Sumel Bilara Rajola Ageyla Nimat Sanwalbura Chopra o Sendra Raipur Sardar Samand Sandiya MER Rehit Haripur Guriya Surayta O Bifawas Dhakri O Solat Kalafiya Khokbra Kharda Nimbara Kalab Kalar Diwandi Jandan Mandawas Rupawas Jaitpuro Musaliya Vayad Marwar O Junction Manda PALI Bhopari AJMER Rana Bawari Gurdai Asind Tank Kherwa_ Saran Kulthan Denda Godawas Dhanla Devgarh Chanod Piloni Jojawar Jawali anota JALOR Dhana Nipal Kot BHILWARA Narlai Amet d Raipur Khimel Bali le Kot o Latada RAJSAMAND Kumbhalgarh Sewari SIROHI Ranakpai Bhatund RAJSAMAND Bera Rashmi Relmagra Kurany Nana SIROHI Kapasan Amil Bhimana Pindwara Mavi Gogunda CHITTAURGARH Map Not To Scale UDAIPUR Copyright @ 2011 indiamapatlas.com